UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

DONALD WHITE,

Plaintiff,

v.

Case No. 2:15-04595-PSD

SUNOCO, INC.,

Defendant.

JOINT REPORT OF RULE 26(f) CONFERENCE

Plaintiff Donald White ("Plaintiff") and Defendant Sunoco Inc.¹ ("Defendant" or "Sunoco") hereby submit this joint report of their Rule 26(f) conference:

1. Discussion of Claims, Defenses, and Relevant Issues

a. Plaintiff's Statement

This is a putative consumer class action about Sunoco's false and deceptive advertising. Sunoco promised a \$0.05 per gallon discount on all fuel purchases made at all Sunoco locations using the Sunoco Rewards Card ("Card"). Plaintiff contends that he and other putative class members did not receive the promised discount either at the point of sale or as an automatic statement credit on his Card account. After repeatedly trying to understand why he did not receive the promised discount, he was informed that "Sunoco has a file" about which Sunoco-branded stations do and do not honor the promised \$0.05 per gallon discount

Based upon those allegations, Plaintiff asserts claims of fraud and fraudulent inducement (Count I), negligent misrepresentation or omission (Count II), unjust enrichment (Count III), and violation of Florida's Deceptive and Unfair Trade Practices Act, § 501.201, et seq. (Count IV). Plaintiff seeks to assert the common law claims on behalf of a nationwide class of all persons in the United States who have held a Sunoco Rewards Card within the applicable statute of limitations. Plaintiff seeks to assert the FDUTPA claim on behalf of a Florida subclass comprised of all persons in Florida who have held a Sunoco Rewards Card within the applicable statute of limitations. Plaintiff seeks restitution, disgorgement, an accounting, actual and punitive damages,

¹ Defendant contends that Sunoco, Inc. is not the proper defendant in this action. The proper entity is Sunoco Retail, L.L.C. All references to "Defendant" or "Sunoco" herein refer to Sunoco Retail, L.L.C.

declaratory relief, temporary and permanent injunctive relief, interest, and costs and expenses, including reasonable attorneys' fees.

b. Defendant's Statement

Sunoco denies the allegations in Plaintiff's Complaint. As an initial matter, Sunoco will show that it promoted and administered the Sunoco Rewards Card program with Citibank, N.A., including the \$0.05 discount feature of the Card. As part of that co-branded Card program, Sunoco has worked with Citibank to employ robust compliance, monitoring, and customer service efforts to deliver the \$0.05 discount feature to Cardholders. There simply is no scheme to deceive or defraud, nor any negligent actions or omissions. To that end, Sunoco intends to demonstrate that: (1) Sunoco set up most of its locations to provide the \$0.05 discount at the point of sale for fuel purchases made with the Card; (2) Sunoco identified for Citibank the locations where the discount would have to be provided by Citibank as a subsequent credit; (3) Sunoco monitored fuel purchases made with the Card to flag potential technical errors or issues at particular locations; and (4) Sunoco and/or Citibank took steps to investigate and remediate any errors that may have occurred with respect to the discount feature of the Card, including reimbursing Plaintiff when he complained and providing additional goodwill credits to his account.

Sunoco also contends that this action is not amenable to class treatment. Among other issues, Sunoco maintains that: (1) the questions of alleged reliance, deception, and causation raised by Plaintiff's claims are inherently individualized inquiries; (2) a nationwide class is inappropriate here, given differences in state law as to Plaintiff's common law claims; (3) the proposed classes are overly broad in that the vast majority of class members suffered no injury; and (4) a class member's entitlement to any relief depends upon individualized analysis, as each individual's account history would have to be scoured to determine whether that Cardholder ever failed to receive the \$0.05 fuel discount, and if so, whether that failure was remedied and/or whether it was the result of negligence, fraud, or deception, as opposed to an honest mistake or isolated error.

2. Initial Disclosures Pursuant to Rule 26(a)(1)

The parties agree to serve their Initial Disclosures by December 12, 2017.

3. Discovery Plan and Schedule

a. The Parties' Positions on Discovery

i. Plaintiff's Position

Plaintiff believes the issues in this case are straightforward and that discovery will principally focus on: (i) Sunoco's implementation and advertising of the \$0.05 per gallon discount; (ii) which Sunoco locations did and did not honor the \$0.05 per gallon discount, and why; and (iii) the identification and calculation of the amount of damages sustained by Mr. White and other putative class members by virtue of their failure to receive the \$0.05 per gallon discount. Plaintiff believes discovery can and should be accomplished expeditiously, particularly in light of the fact that this case has already been pending for over two years.

Plaintiff believes written discovery should commence immediately following the Rule 16 conference. Plaintiff disagrees that there should be any phased discovery, such as Defendant's suggestion of an initial 60-day period purportedly focused only on the legal question of Mr. White's standing. Phased discovery on Mr. White's standing only would be impossible to enforce and will add needless complexity and delay to accomplish very little.

ii. Defendant's Position

Based upon the data collected by Sunoco to date, it appears that during the eight-month period immediately preceding the August 14, 2015 filing of the Complaint in this action, Plaintiff was fully compensated for each occasion when he allegedly did not receive the five cent per gallon discount on fuel purchases made with his Sunoco Rewards Card. If Plaintiff has been fully reimbursed for his alleged failure to receive the discount throughout the relevant time period, then he lacks standing to pursue this action and the Court lack subject matter jurisdiction over it.

Accordingly, Sunoco proposes an initial stage of individual discovery to address Plaintiff's standing. Third-party discovery from Citibank may be necessary to confirm Plaintiff's full transactional history as to his Sunoco Rewards Card fuel purchases; therefore, Sunoco proposes a 60-day period of discovery focused on this threshold issue, with a proposed completion deadline of February 15, 2018.

b. Proposed Schedule

The parties' respective positions on additional scheduling is as follows:

Event	Plaintiff's Position	Defendant's Position
Close of fact discovery on	May 11, 2018	September 10, 2018
Plaintiff's claims and class		
certification		
Deadline for Plaintiff to file	May 18, 2018	September 17, 2018
motion for class certification		
and serve expert report(s) on		
class issues		
Deposition of Plaintiff's class	No earlier than 15 days and no	No earlier than 15 days and no
certification expert(s)	later than 30 days after service	later than 30 days after service
	of their expert report(s)	of their expert report(s)
Deadline for Defendant to file	July 2, 2018	November 1, 2018
a response in opposition to		
class certification and serve		
expert report(s) on class issues		
Deposition of Defendant's	No earlier than 15 days and no	No earlier than 15 days and no
class certification expert(s)	later than 30 days after service	later than 30 days after service
	of their expert report(s)	of their expert report(s)

Event	Plaintiff's Position	Defendant's Position
Deadline for Plaintiff's reply	August 16, 2018	December 17, 2018
in support of class certification		
Hearing on motion for class certification	To be determined by the Court	To be determined by the Court

The parties agree and propose that the Court defer on setting additional case management dates or deadlines, including a trial date, until after the Court rules on class certification. It is also Defendant's position that nothing in this proposal or in the case management order should preclude any party from filing a dispositive motion at any time, including prior to a decision on class certification.

c. Other Matters

The parties will attempt to agree upon a proposed protective order by January 8, 2018. If no agreement can be reached, the parties will submit their competing proposals to the Court with an explanatory letter regarding the areas of disagreement by January 12, 2018.

The parties agree to conduct any necessary electronic discovery on a consensual basis and will endeavor to agree upon the sources, custodians, and search terms used to locate and cull such data. To the extent a need arises for a written ESI Protocol between the parties, they will work together to reach agreement on its terms.

4. Settlement

To date, Plaintiff has not made a settlement demand. Plaintiff believes that additional discovery is necessary before he can do so. The parties remain open to settlement discussions going forward.

Pursuant to Local Rule of Civil Procedure 5.1.2(9)(c), the undersigned attorneys have consented to the filing of this document by counsel for Defendant.

Dated: December 6, 2017. Respectfull

/s/ David J. Stanoch

Richard M. Golomb (Pa. Id. No. 42845) Ruben Honik (Pa. Id. No. 33109) Kenneth J. Grunfeld (Pa. Id. No. 84121) David J. Stanoch (Pa. Id. No. 91342)

GOLOMB & HONIK, P.C.

1515 Market Street, Suite 1100 Philadelphia, PA 19102 Tel: (215) 985-9177

Fax: (215) 985-4169

rgolomb@golombhonik.com rhonik@golombhonik.com kgrunfeld@golombhonik.com dstanoch@golombhonik.com

Attorneys for Plaintiff

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Seamus C. Duffy

Seamus C. Duffy (Pa. Id. No. 52501) Kathryn E. Deal (Pa. Id. No. 93891) Meredith C. Slawe (Pa. Id. No. 201489) Katherine L. Villanueva (Pa. Id. No. 203848)

DRINKER BIDDLE & REATH LLP

One Logan Square, Suite 2000 Philadelphia, PA 19103-6996

Tel: (215) 988-2700
Fax: (215) 988-2757
Seamus.Duffy@dbr.com
Kathryn.Deal@dbr.com
Meredith.Slawe@dbr.com
Katherine.Villanueva@dbr.com

Attorneys for Defendant

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Seamus C. Duffy, hereby certify that, on December 6, 2017, I caused a true and correct copy of the foregoing Joint Report of Rule 26(f) Conference to be served upon the following via the Court's ECF/CMF system:

Richard M. Golomb Ruben Honik Kenneth J. Grunfeld David J. Stanoch GOLOMB & HONIK, P.C. 1515 Market Street, Suite 1100 Philadelphia, PA 19102

Attorneys for Plaintiff

/s/ Seamus C. Duffy
Seamus C. Duffy